



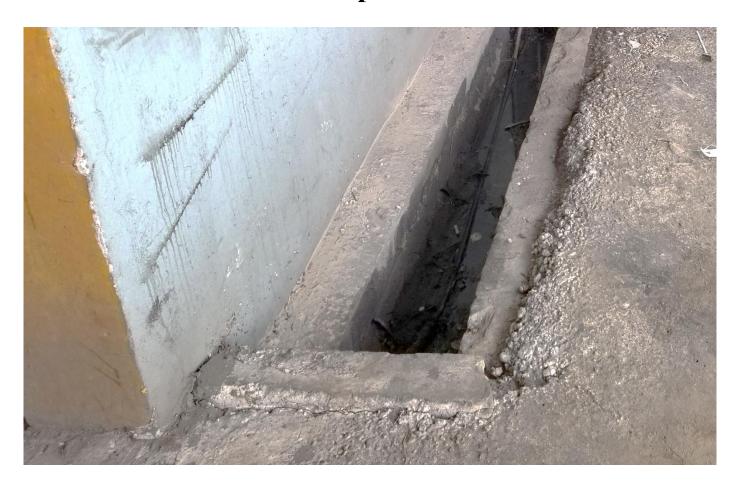
Existing 500mm u-channel













Existing 300mm UC

1 For Catchment Area A					Ref.
Area,	A =	3138	$m^2$		
Average slope,	H =	0.1	m per 100m		
Distance on the line of natural flow,	L =	22.5	m		
Time of concentraction,	t <sub>o</sub> =	0.14465L / (H <sup>0.2</sup> A <sup>0.1</sup>	) = 0.14465 (22.5) / (0.1^0.2	2*3138^0.1)	SDM 7.5.2 (d)
	=	2.3	min	·	
	_				
2 For U-Channel of Catchment	Area	a A			
	From	То			
Ground level (mPD)	14.70				
Invert level (mPD)	14.40				
Width of u-channel,					
Length of u-channel,	$L_c =$	105.2	m		
Depth of vertical part of u-channel,					
Gradient of u-channel,	$S_f =$	(14.4-13.35)/105.2	= 0.0100		
Cross-Section Area.	a =	$0.5 \pi r^2 + w d$	= 0.5 x 3.14 x 150^2 + 300 x 100	00	
		0.335			
Wetted Perimeter	n =		= 3.14 x 150 + 2 x 1000		
Trouba r chimeter,	=	2.471	m		
Hydralic radius,	R =	a/p			SDM 8.2.1
, ,	=	0.136	m		
3 Use Manning Equation for estimating velocity of stormwater					
			for concrete lined channels:-		SDM Table 13
Allowable velocity,	v =	$R^{1/6}x (RS_f)^{1/2}/n$	$= (0.136)^1/6 \times (0.136 \times 0.01)^1/6$	2 / 0.016	SDM Table 12
		1.65			
Time of flow,	$t_f =$	1.1	min		
4 Use "Rational Method" for ca	alcula	ation of design flo	ow		
					0011100
Design intensity,			00)40.0555		SDM 4.3.2
		•	29) $^0.355$ for return period T = 50 y	/ears	Corrigendum 1/2024
	=	258			SDM Table 3a
_ , ,		D " O " ' ' ' O	0.11		001175041
Type of surface		Runoff Coefficient C	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>C x A</u>	SDM 7.5.2 (b)
Flat Glassland(heavy soil)		0.25	0.0	0.0	
Concrete Paving		0.95	3145.0	2987.8	
			50W =	2987.8	
	0 -		m³/s		
Upstream flow,	Q <sub>u</sub> =	0	III /S		
	_				
Design flow,			+ Q <sub>u</sub> where A <sub>j</sub> is in km <sup>2</sup>		SDM 7.5.2 (a)
	=	0.278 x 258 x 2987			
	=	0.214	m³/s		
	_				
Allowable flow,					
	=	0.335 x 1.65	2		
	=	0.553	m³/s		
	>	$Q_d$ (O.K.)			
Reference was made to Stormwater Drainage Manual (SDM) by DSD					
		Hydranl	ic Calculation	Goldrich	Planners &
Scale: NA		Hyuraui	ic Calculation		yors Ltd.
	l	Lots 15/ (Part)	159 S.A (Part) in D.D. 128		
June 2025		· /·	ng Government Land,		age 1
June 2023			ng, New Territories	(P2	(4034)
				•	

1 For Catchment Area B					Ref.
_			2		
Area, Average slope, Distance on the line of natural flow,	A =	1589	m <sup>2</sup>		
Average slope,	H =	. 0.1	m per 100m		
Distance on the line of natural flow,	L =	20.5	m		
Time of concentraction,	t =	: 0.14465L / (H <sup>0.2</sup> Δ <sup>0.1</sup>	<sup>1</sup> ) = 0.14465 (20.5) / (0.1 <sup>o</sup> 0.2	*1589^0 1)	SDM 7.5.2 (d)
Time of concentraction,	· <sub>o</sub> =	·	min	1303 0.1)	ODIVI 7.3.2 (u)
2 For U-Channel of Catchment	t Area	а В			
	From	То			
Ground level (mPD)	14.70		-		
Invert level (mPD)	14.23		_		
Width of u-channel,	w =	: 300	mm		
Length of u-channel,	L <sub>c</sub> =	88.2			
Depth of vertical part of u-channel,	d =	1000			
Gradient of u-channel,	$S_f =$	(14.23-13.35)/88.2	= 0.0100		
		2 7	0 - 0 4 4 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1		
Cross-Section Area,			= 0.5 x 3.14 x 150^2 + 300 x 100	ΙU	
		0.335			
Wetted Perimeter,	p =	$\pi r + 2 d$	= 3.14 x 150 + 2 x 1000		
	_ =	2.471	m		0011001
Hydralic radius,	R =		m		SDM 8.2.1
	_	0.130	III		
3 Use Manning Equation for e	stima	ating velocity of s	tormwater		
			for concrete lined channels:-		SDM Table 13
Allowable velocity,		, ,,	$= (0.136)^{1/6} \times (0.136 \times 0.01)^{1/6}$	2 / 0.016	SDM Table 12
T		1.65			
I ime of flow,	t <sub>f</sub> =	0.9	min		
4 Use "Rational Method" for c	alcul	ation of design fl	ow		
		_			
Design intensity,					SDM 4.3.2
	=	•	29) $^0.35\xi$ for return period T = 50 y	ears/	Corrigendum 1/2024
	=	= 261			SDM Table 3a
_ , ,		D "O " : 10	0-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	0 4	0014750(1)
<u>Type of surface</u> Flat Glassland(heavy soil)		Runoff Coefficient C	Catchment Area A (m <sup>2</sup> ) 0.0	<u>C x A</u> 0.0	SDM 7.5.2 (b)
Concrete Paving		0.25 0.95	1589.0	1509.6	
Concrete Faving		0.93		1509.6	
			COM		
Upstream flow,	Q <sub>u</sub> =	. 0	m <sup>3</sup> /s		
, ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	~				
Design flow,	Q <sub>d</sub> =	= 0.278i Σ C <sub>i</sub> A <sub>i</sub> x 1.16	S + Q <sub>u</sub> where A <sub>i</sub> is in km <sup>2</sup>		SDM 7.5.2 (a)
		= 0.278 x 261 x 1509			,
	=	0.110	m <sup>3</sup> /s		
		- · · ·			
Allowable flow,	Q <sub>a</sub> =	axv			
	=	0.335 x 1.65			
	=	0.553	m <sup>3</sup> /s		
	>	$Q_d$ (O.K.)			
Reference was made to Stormwater Drainage Manual (SDM) by DSD					
		** * *		O_11.1.1	Dlamas 0-
Scale: NA		Hydraul	ic Calculation		Planners &
	ļ	Lat- 154 (De-4)	150 S A (Bowt) in D D 129		yors Ltd.
June 2025			159 S.A (Part) in D.D. 128 ing Government Land,	Pa	age 2
June 2023			ng, New Territories	(P2	(4034)
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1 For Catchment Area of Under		Ref.			
Area, A Average slope, h Distance on the line of natural flow, b	$A = 0 m^2$				
Average slope, h	H = <b>0.1</b> m per 100m				
Distance on the line of flatural flow, i	0111				
Time of concentraction, t	$t_0 = 0.14465 L / (H^{0.2}A^{0.1}) = 0.14465 (0) / (0.1^0.2^0^0.1)$ = 0.0 min	SDM 7.5.2 (d)			
2 For Underground Pipe after E	Existing CP5				
Size(Diameter) v	-				
Length of Pipe Design the pipe to 9/10 full bore	= <b>6</b> m e capactity, then				
Area of ventilated portion	= 0.1 of pipe area				
$\frac{1}{2} r^2 \theta - \frac{1}{2} r^2 \sin(\theta)$	$-0.1 \pi r$ = 0.2 $\pi$				
$\theta$	= 1.63 rad = $93.4^{\circ}$ (By trial and error)				
	(2) (3)				
<b>A</b>	A 00 2				
Area A	$A = 0.9 \pi r^2$ = 0.9 x 3.14 x 300^2	SDM 8.2.1			
	$= 0.254   m^2$	ODIVI 0.2.1			
	$P = 2 \pi r - r \theta = 1396 \text{ mm}$				
Hydralic radius F	R = A/P 182.2 mm				
3 Use Manning Equation for es	timating velocity of stormwater				
1					
	S = 1: <b>3</b> n = 0.016 for concrete lined channels:-	SDM Table 13			
	$v = R^{1/6}x (RS_f)^{1/2}/n = (182.2)^{1/6} * (182.2/3)^{1/2} / 0.016$	SDM Table 12			
	= 13.47 m/s				
Time of flow, t	i <sub>f</sub> = 0.01 min				
4 Use "Rational Method" for ca	lculation of design flow				
Design intensity,	$i = a / (t_o + t_f + b)^c$	SDM 4.3.2			
	= 505.5 / (0.0+0.01+3.29)^0.355 for return period T = 50 years = 331	Corrigendum 1/2024 SDM Table 3a			
	_ 331	ODIVI TABLE SA			
Type of surface	Runoff Coefficient C Catchment Area A (m²) C x A	SDM 7.5.2 (b)			
Flat Glassland(heavy soil)	0.25				
Concrete Paving Macadam Roadways	0.95 <b>0.0</b> 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.425 <b>0.0</b> 0.0				
Wooded Areas	0.105 <b>0.0</b> <u>0.0</u>				
	SUM = 0.0				
Upstream flow, 0	$Q_{u} = 0.324 \text{ m}^{3}/\text{s}$				
Design flow. (	$Q_d = 0.278i \Sigma C_i A_i + Q_u$ where $A_i$ is in km <sup>2</sup>	SDM 7.5.2 (a)			
	= 0.278 x 331 x 0 / 1000000 + 0.324	,			
	= 0.324 m <sup>3</sup> /s				
Allowable flow, 0	) - avv				
Allowable flow, C	$a_a = 0.3974 \times 1.35$				
	= 3.425 m <sup>3</sup> /s				
	> Q <sub>d</sub> (O.K.)				
Reference was made to Stormwater Drainage Manual (SDM) by DSD					
	Hydraulia Calculation Goldrich Pl	anners &			
Scale: NA	Hydraulic Calculation  Goldrich Plantschaft Surveyor				
	Lots 154 (Part), 159 S.A (Part) in D.D. 128				
June 2025		Page 3 (P24034)			
	P240				

1 For Catchment Area C					Ref.
_			2		
Area,	A =	7745	m²		
Area, Average slope, Distance on the line of natural flow,	H =	0.1 1 <b>90.5</b>	m per 100m		
Distance on the line of natural now,		130.3			
Time of concentraction,	t <sub>o</sub> =	: 0.14465L / (H <sup>0.2</sup> A <sup>0.1</sup>	= 0.14465 (190.5) / (0.1^0	.2*7745^0.1)	SDM 7.5.2 (d)
	=	17.8		,	, ,
2 For Existing 550mm Public I	<b>roin</b>				
2 For Existing 550mm Public t	Jrain				
	From		_		
Ground level (mPD)	11.30 10.53				
Invert level (mPD)	10.53	10.06			
Width of u-channel,	w =	550	mm		
Length of u-channel,	L <sub>c</sub> =	46.8	m		
Depth of vertical part of u-channel,	d =	965	mm		
Gradient of u-channel,	S <sub>f</sub> =	(10.53-10.06)/46.8	= 0.010		
Cross-Section Area,			$= 0.5 \times 3.14 \times 275^2 + 550 \times 965$	5	
		0.650			
Wetted Perimeter,	p =	$\pi$ r + 2 d	= 3.14 x 275 + 2 x 965		
Hydralic radius,	=	2.794	m		
Hydralic radius,	R =	a/p			SDM 8.2.1
	=	0.232	m		
3 Use Manning Equation for e	stima	tina velocity of s	tormwater		
			for concrete lined channels:-		SDM Table 13
Allowable velocity,	v =	` '/	$= (0.232)^{1/6} \times (0.232 \times 0.01)^{1/6}$	2 / 0.016	SDM Table 12
	_ =	2.01			
Time of flow,	t <sub>f</sub> =	0.3	min		
4 Use "Rational Method" for c	alcul	ation of design fl	ow		
		_			
Design intensity,		, - , ,			SDM 4.3.2
		·	$3.29$ )^0.35 for return period T = 50 y	/ears	Corrigendum 1/2024
	=	170			SDM Table 3a
Type of surface		Runoff Coefficient C	Catchment Area A (m <sup>2</sup> )	CxA	SDM 7.5.2 (b)
Flat Glassland(heavy soil)		0.25	0.0	0.0	3DIVI 7.3.2 (b)
Concrete Paving		0.95	7745.0	7357.8	
			SUM =	7357.8	
			2		
Upstream flow,	$Q_u =$	0.324	m³/s		
	_				
Design flow,			5 + Q <sub>u</sub> where A <sub>j</sub> is in km <sup>2</sup>		SDM 7.5.2 (a)
	=		.75 / 1000000 + 0.324		
	=	0.672	m~/s		
Allowable flow,	0 -				
Allowable flow,		0.65 x 2.37			
	=		m <sup>3</sup> /s		
	_	1.504	,3		
	>	Q <sub>d</sub> (O.K.)			
Reference was made to Stormwater Drainage Manual (SDM) by DSD					
Scale: NA		Hydraul	ic Calculation	Goldrich	Planners &
Scale. IVA		J 2.2 52.2		Surve	yors Ltd.
	1	· /·	159 S.A (Part) in D.D. 128	P:	age 4
June 2025			ing Government Land, ng, New Territories		4034)
	l	i uch Lo	ng, new remnones	(12	1031)